



**INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT  
MIDDLE SECTION  
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SCIENCE  
OMAN**



**NAME:** \_\_\_\_\_ **CLASS/SEC:** V \_\_\_ **ROLL NO:** \_\_\_ **DATE:** \_\_\_ /12/2018

S.NO

**I NAME THE FOLLOWING:**

1. National language of Oman. \_\_\_\_\_
2. National sports of Oman. \_\_\_\_\_
3. This separates Iran From Oman. \_\_\_\_\_
4. The official language of Oman. \_\_\_\_\_
5. The currency of Oman. \_\_\_\_\_
6. The Highest Mountain range of Oman. \_\_\_\_\_
7. The peak of Oman. \_\_\_\_\_
8. The International Airport of Oman. \_\_\_\_\_
9. The important seaport of Muscat. \_\_\_\_\_
10. Another name for frankincense. \_\_\_\_\_

**II FILL IN THE BLANKS:**

1. Oman is located in the southeastern part of the \_\_\_\_\_ Peninsula.
2. The Omani \_\_\_\_\_ is the Omani wooden boat.
3. The Islamic calendar is also known as the \_\_\_\_\_ calendar
4. The Omanis follow the \_\_\_\_\_ Calendar.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ in the Arabian Sea and \_\_\_\_\_, off the southern coast are the important islands of Oman.
6. The important latitude which passes through Oman is the \_\_\_\_\_.
7. Sayyid Fahd bin Mahmoud al Said is the deputy \_\_\_\_\_ of Oman.
8. \_\_\_\_\_ is the official language of Oman.

### III GIVE ONE WORD FOR THE FOLLOWING:

1. The important latitude passing through Muscat. \_\_\_\_\_
2. A narrow coastal plain in the north coast: \_\_\_\_\_
3. The long robes worn by the Omanis: \_\_\_\_\_
4. The Omani caps: \_\_\_\_\_
5. The ornamental daggers worn in Oman: \_\_\_\_\_
6. The festival at the end of the Ramadan month: \_\_\_\_\_
7. Another name for Bakri-Eid: \_\_\_\_\_
8. The town that represents Oman as a sea faring nation: \_\_\_\_\_
9. These are the most important airports of Oman:  
\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
10. A place known for its hot water springs: \_\_\_\_\_

### IV ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN TWO POINTS:

1. **Write about the physical features of Oman.** 2
  - Highlands: The Hajar mountains range runs parallel to the Northern coast. The highest range is the Jabal-Al Akhdar. The highest peak is the Jabal-Al Shams.
  - Plains: Al Batinah, a narrow coastal plain runs along the Gulf of Oman. It is a fertile region where date palms grow.
2. **Describe the dress of the people of Oman.** 2
  - The men wear long robes called 'Dish dasha' and caps (kumah) or turbans.
  - The women wear salwar kameez and Abaya. They also cover their head.
3. **What are the two most important festivals celebrated by the people of Oman?** 2
  - Eid-UI-Fitr: A festival celebrated after the completion of fasting, at the end of the Ramadan month.
  - Eid-UI-Adha: The festival of sacrifice. In India it is known as Bakri-Eid.
4. **What are the different occupations of the people of Oman?** 2
  - The different occupations are Agriculture, rearing camels, goats, fishing and pottery.
  - Handicrafts like embroidery, making of caps called Kumah, Kanjars, the belts called kanjaris.
5. **Name the important sea ports of Oman.** 2
  - Port Mina Al Sultan Qaboos in Muscat.
  - Port Raysut in Salalah and Port Sohar.

### V ANSWER THE FOLLOWING IN THREE POINTS:

6. **When is the National Day celebrated? What is its significance?** 3
  - The celebration of Oman's National Day takes place every year on November 18

as a celebration of independence from the Portuguese in 1650.

- National Day coincides with His Majesty Sultan Qaboos bin Said's birthday, which falls on November 19, adding additional significance to the day.
- Today, people celebrate both Oman's independence from the Portuguese and the Sultan's birthday on November 18.

**VI ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN FOUR POINTS:**

**7. Describe the National flag of Oman.**

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- The National flag of Oman consists of three stripes white, green and red with a red bar at the left that contains the emblem of Oman.(Two crossed swords and a khanjar).
- The white stands for peace and prosperity.
- The green for tranquility and the green mountains.
- The red for the battles against the foreign invaders

**8. Describe the climate of Oman.**

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- Oman generally has one of the hottest climates in the world, and receives very little rainfall.
- The Dhofar Mountains area has a tropical-like climate and receives seasonal rainfall.
- Some parts of the coast, particularly near the island of Masirah, sometimes receive no rain at all within the course of a year.
- Coconut palms grow in plenty in the coastal plains of Dhofar and frankincense is produced in the hills, with varieties of acacia.

**9. Name the countries and the water bodies that border Oman.**

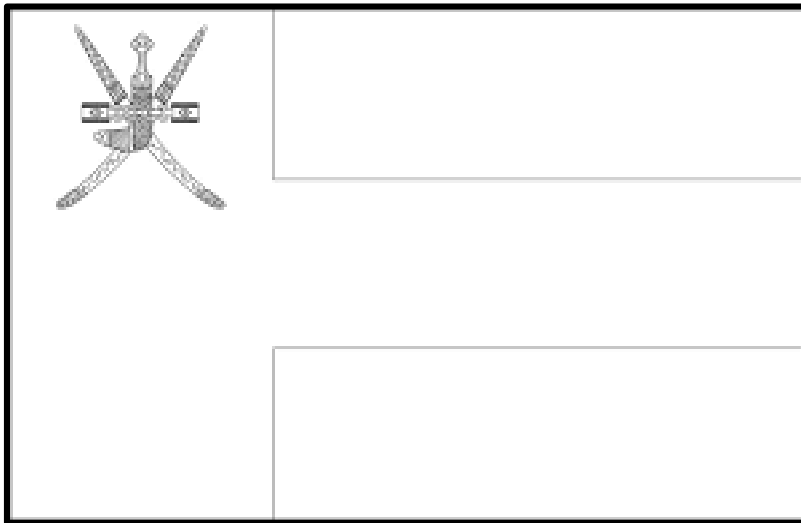
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- Saudi Arabia and UAE to the west.
- Republic of Yemen to the south.
- Arabian Sea to the east.
- Strait of Hormuz to the north.

**VII. MATCH THE FOLLOWING.**

S No	Column-A	S. No	Column-B	Answers
1.	Capital and largest city	a.	Camels	1.
2.	Salalah	b.	23 <sup>rd</sup> July	2.
3.	Renaissance Day	c.	The birthplace of His Majesty	3.
4.	Used for travelling in deserts	d.	Hot water springs	4.
5.	Rustaq and Nakhal	e.	Muscat	5.

**VIII COLOUR THE GIVEN FLAG OF OMAN:**



**IX IDENTIFY THE PICTURE AND FILL IN THE BLANKS:**

	<p>a. This is worn by the Omani men as a traditional belt:</p> <p>_____</p>	<p>b.</p>
	<p>b. The National animal of Oman.</p> <p>_____</p>	

**X ON THE GIVEN OUTLINE MAP OF OMAN, MARK AND NAME THE FOLLOWING:**

1. Capital of Oman	2. Arabian Sea	3. Salalah	4. Nizwa
5. Kuria Muria islands	6. Persian Gulf	7. Sohar	8. Musandam
9. Masirah islands	10. Gulf of Oman	11. Sur	12. Strait of Hormuz
13. Gulf of Masirah	14. Tropic of Cancer		

